

MINA' TRENTAI DOS NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2013 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 192-32 (WR)

Introduced by:

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B. J.F. Cruz

AN ACT TO *ADD* A NEW § 64.15, § 64.16, AND § 64.17 TO CHAPTER 64 OF TITLE 9 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED; RELATIVE TO THE PROHIBITION AND FORFEITURE OF ELECTRONIC MACHINES OR DEVICES TO CONDUCT SWEEPSTAKES GAMBLING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

Section 1. A new § 64.15 is hereby *added* to Chapter 64 of Title 9 of the Guam Code Annotated to read:

"§ 64.15. Use of Electronic Machine or Device to Conduct Sweepstakes Illegal.

- (a) Definitions. As used in this Section the following words *shall*, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, have the following meanings:
 - (1) "Electronic machine or device", a mechanically, electrically or electronically operated machine or device that is owned, leased or otherwise possessed by a sweepstakes sponsor or promoter, or any sponsors, promoters, partners, affiliates, subsidiaries, or contractors thereof, that is intended to be used by a sweepstakes entrant, that uses energy, and that is capable of displaying information on a screen or other mechanism. This section is applicable to an electronic machine or device whether or not it:

1	(i) is server-based;
2	(ii) uses a simulated game terminal as a representation of
3	the prizes associated with the results of the sweepstakes entries;
4	(iii) utilizes software such that the simulated game
5	influences or determines the winning or value of the prize;
6	(iv) selects prizes from a predetermined finite pool of
7	entries;
8	(v) utilizes a mechanism that reveals the content of a
9	predetermined sweepstakes entry;
10	(vi) predetermines the prize results and stores those
11	results for delivery at the time the sweepstakes entry results are
12	revealed;
13	(vii) utilizes software to create a game result;
14	(viii) requires deposit of any money, coin, or token, or
15	the use of any credit card, debit card, prepaid card, or any other
16	method of payment to activate the electronic machine or device;
17	(ix) requires direct payment into the electronic machine
18	or device, or remote activation of the electronic machine or
19	device;
20	(x) requires purchase of a related product having
21	legitimate value;
22	(xi) reveals the prize incrementally, even though it may
23	not influence whether or not a prize is to be awarded or the
24	value of any prize awarded;
25	(xii) determines and associates the prize with an entry or
26	entries at the time the sweepstakes is entered;

1	(xiii) is a slot machine or other form of electrical,
2	mechanical, or computer game.
3	"Electronic machine or device" also includes gambling devices as
4	defined in § 64.20(b) of this Chapter.
5	(2) "Enter" or "entry", the act or process by which a person
6	becomes eligible to receive any prize offered in a sweepstakes.
7	(3) "Entertaining display", any visual information, capable of
8	being seen by a sweepstakes entrant, that takes the form of actual
9	game play, or simulated game play.
10	(4) "Prize", any gift, award, gratuity, good, service, credit, or
11	anything else of value, which may be transferred to a person, whether
12	possession of the prize is actually transferred, or placed on an account
13	or other record as evidence of the intent to transfer the prize.
14	(5) "Sweepstakes", any game, advertising scheme or plan, or
15	other promotion, which, uses an electric machine or devise defined in
16	this Section, with or without payment of any consideration, a person
17	may enter to win or become eligible to receive any prize, the
18	determination of which is based partially or completely upon chance.
19	(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to operate or knowingly possess
20	with the intent to operate, or place into operation, an electronic machine or
21	device to:
22	(1) conduct a sweepstakes through the use of an entertaining
23	display, including the entry process or the reveal of a prize; or
24	(2) promote a sweepstakes that is conducted through the use of
25	an entertaining display, including the entry process or the reveal of a
26	prize.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to make illegal any activity which is lawfully conducted pursuant to 9 GCA Chapter 64 Article 2."

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Section 2. A new § 64.16 is hereby *added* to Chapter 64 of Title 9 of the Guam Code Annotated to read:

"§ 64.16. Forfeiture of Electronic Machine or Device Used to Conduct Sweepstakes.

Upon a determination by the Department of Revenue and Taxation or the Attorney General that probable cause exists to believe that any electronic machine or device is being operated or is intended to be operated to conduct a sweepstakes or promote a sweepstakes in violation of 9 GCA §64.15 above, the electronic machine or device shall be subject to immediate seizure by law enforcement officials from the Department or Revenue and Taxation, the Guam Police Department, or the Office of the Attorney General. Any government entity in possession of a seized electronic machine or device shall retain the item pending a disposition order from a Superior Court judge. Upon application by the Department of Revenue and Taxation or the Attorney General or the owner of the electronic machine or device, and after notice to all parties and an opportunity to be heard by all parties, if the court determines that it is unlawful to possess the electronic machine or device, the Director of the Department of Revenue and Taxation or the Attorney General may have the electronic machine or device destroyed, or may use the electronic machine or device for training or may sell the electronic machine or device at an auction to be held at the place where the electronic machine or device is located or at another place as determined by the Director of the Department of Revenue and Taxation or the Attorney General. If the court determines that the electronic machine or device is not

unlawful to possess under 9 GCA § 64.15, the electronic machine or device shall be ordered released to its owner upon satisfactory proof of ownership. Neither the Government of Guam nor its officials, employees or agents shall be liable for the seizure of electronic machines and devices under this statute when a court determines that the electronic machine or device is ordered to be released to its owner. The foregoing procedures for release shall not apply with respect to an item seized for use as evidence in any criminal action or proceeding until after entry of final judgment."

Section 3. A new § 64.17 is hereby *added* to Chapter 64 of Title 9 of the Guam Code Annotated to read:

"§ 64.17. Penalties.

- (a) Any person who violates 9 GCA § 64.15 shall be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment of not more than five (5) years and a fine not to exceed \$250,000, or both. Each violation of 9 GCA § 64.15 shall be considered a separate offense.
- (b) Any person who violates 9 GCA § 64.15 *may* also be subject to an administrative penalty of not more than \$250,000 to be assessed by a decision and order of the Director of the Department of Revenue and Taxation. Each violation of 9 GCA § 64.15 *shall* be considered a separate offense.
 - (1) Before issuing a decision and order assessing an administrative penalty, the Department of Revenue and Taxation shall give written notice, in the form of an accusation, to the person to be assessed an administrative penalty.
 - (2) The person to be assessed an administrative penalty shall be entitled to notice, to a hearing before the Director of the Department of Revenue and Taxation, and to review by the Superior Court

according to the procedures in Articles 1 and 2 of the Administrative Adjudication Law.

- (3) If any person fails to comply with an administrative penalty decision and order after the assessment has become final, or after a court in an action brought pursuant to the Administrative Adjudication Law has entered a final judgment in favor of the Director of the Department of Revenue and Taxation, the Attorney General of Guam may bring a civil action to enforce the order and to recover the amount ordered or assessed, plus interest of six percent (6%) per annum from the date of the final administrative decision and order or the date of the final judgment, as the case may be. In this action, the validity, amount, and appropriateness of the penalty assessed by the administrative decision and order or the final judgment of the court made after an appeal of the administrative decision and order shall not be subject to review. The Director of the Department of Revenue and Taxation need only show that:
 - (A) notice was given; and

- (B) a hearing was held, or the time granted for requesting a hearing has run without a request for a hearing; and
- (C) the penalty was imposed; and
- (D) the penalty remains unpaid.

A judgment of the court entered under this subpart (3) of 9 GCA § 64.17(b) may be enforced and collected in the same manner as a money judgment of the Superior Court."